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**ADDENDUM NO. 1 TO PROJECT NO. 43153**

**CONSTRUCTION WORK, HVAC WORK,  
PLUMBING WORK, ELECTRICAL WORK  
PROVIDE VISITOR CENTER BUILDING AND SITE IMPROVEMENTS  
FIVE RIVERS ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION CENTER  
56 GAME FARM ROAD  
DELMAR, NY 12054**

June 17, 2015

**NOTE:** This Addendum forms a part of the Contract Documents. Insert it in the Project Manual. Acknowledge receipt of this Addendum in the space provided on the Bid Form.

**PROJECT MANUAL – SPECIFICATIONS**

**PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS GROUP**

1. Delete Specification Section 004143 from C, H, P, and E Project Manual Table of Contents

**SPECIFICATIONS GROUP**

1. Delete Specification Section 12500 from C, P, and E Project Manual and Table of Contents.
2. Page 013200 – 3, Paragraph 1.05, fill all blank spaces with C – Construction in C, H, P, and E Project Manual.
3. Page 013233 – 1, Change Paragraph 1.4 in C, H, P and E Project Manual to read:

**“1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Each Photographer Qualifications: Each Prime Contractor shall be responsible for taking photographs of items related to their work. Photographs may be taken by the Contractor’s staff, however, the designated staff persons must have completed a course in basic photography and proven their understanding of the requirements and the intent of this section to the Architect’s satisfaction.”

4. Page 015123 – 2, Paragraph 1.02 A, Items 5a and 5b in C, H, P, and E Project Manual: Provide six (6) 8” scale direct reading thermometers and six (6) seven day, self-contained recording thermometers.
5. Combine forms for Specification Section 017419 into Specification Section 017419 and delete forms from Table of Contents in C, H, P, and E Project Manual. Revised Specification Section 017419 attached.
6. Page 018113 – 4, Change Paragraph 1.7 A in C, H, P, and E Project Manual to read:

**“1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Each Prime Contractor shall engage an experienced LEED-Accredited Professional, or have a LEED – Accredited Professional on staff to coordinate LEED requirements. LEED coordinator may also serve as waste management coordinator. ”

**SITE AND INFRASTRUCTURE SUBGROUP**

1. Delete Specification Section 312517 from C-Contract Project Manual and Table of Contents
2. Add Specification Section 321243 – Porous Flexible Pavement to C-Contract Project Manual.

**CONSTRUCTION WORK DRAWINGS**

1. Drawing No. C-501:
  - a. On details 8 and 11 where note calls for using “Sand or Dry Mix Concrete” for curb bedding. Sand shall be removed as an option for curb bedding, note shall read “Dry Mix Concrete.”

**END OF ADDENDUM**

Margaret F. Larkin  
Executive Director  
Design and Construction

## SECTION 017419 - CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following:
  - 1. Salvaging nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
  - 2. Recycling nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
  - 3. Disposing of nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 018113 "Sustainable Design Requirements" for general and additional LEED requirements.
  - 2. Section 024119 "Selective Structure Demolition" for disposition of waste resulting from partial demolition of buildings, structures, and site improvements.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Construction Waste: Building and site improvement materials and other solid waste resulting from construction, remodeling, renovation, or repair operations. Construction waste includes packaging.
- B. Demolition Waste: Building and site improvement materials resulting from demolition or selective demolition operations.
- C. Disposal: Removal off-site of demolition and construction waste and subsequent sale, recycling, reuse, or deposit in landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Recycle: Recovery of demolition or construction waste for subsequent processing in preparation for reuse.
- E. Salvage: Recovery of demolition or construction waste and subsequent sale or reuse in another facility.
- F. Salvage and Reuse: Recovery of demolition or construction waste and subsequent incorporation into the Work.

#### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Achieve end-of-Project rates for salvage/recycling of minimum 50 percent by weight of total non-hazardous solid waste generated by the Work. Practice efficient waste management in the use of materials in the course of the Work. Use all reasonable means to divert construction and demolition waste from landfills and incinerators. Facilitate recycling and salvage of materials, including but not limited to the following:
1. Demolition Waste:
    - a. Recycle as necessary to achieve end-of-Project rates for salvage/recycling as indicated in general performance requirements.
  2. Construction Waste:
    - a. Masonry and CMU.
    - b. Lumber.
    - c. Wood sheet materials.
    - d. Wood trim.
    - e. Metals.
    - f. Roofing.
    - g. Insulation.
    - h. Carpet and pad.
    - i. Gypsum board.
    - j. Piping.
    - k. Electrical conduit.
    - l. Packaging: Regardless of salvage/recycle goal indicated in "General" Paragraph above, salvage or recycle 100 percent of the following uncontaminated packaging materials:
      - 1) Paper.
      - 2) Cardboard.
      - 3) Boxes.
      - 4) Plastic sheet and film.
      - 5) Polystyrene packaging.
      - 6) Wood crates.
      - 7) Plastic pails.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Waste Management Plan: Submit plan within 7 days of date established for the Notice of Award.

#### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Waste Reduction Progress Reports: Concurrent with each Application for Payment, submit report. Use Form CWM-7 for construction waste and Form CWM-8 for demolition waste. Include the following information:

1. Material category.
  2. Generation point of waste.
  3. Total quantity of waste in tons (tonnes).
  4. Quantity of waste salvaged, both estimated and actual in tons (tonnes).
  5. Quantity of waste recycled, both estimated and actual in tons (tonnes).
  6. Total quantity of waste recovered (salvaged plus recycled) in tons (tonnes).
  7. Total quantity of waste recovered (salvaged plus recycled) as a percentage of total waste.
- B. Waste Reduction Calculations: Before request for Substantial Completion, submit calculated end-of-Project rates for salvage, recycling, and disposal as a percentage of total waste generated by the Work.
- C. Records of Donations: Indicate receipt and acceptance of salvageable waste donated to individuals and organizations. Indicate whether organization is tax exempt.
- D. Records of Sales: Indicate receipt and acceptance of salvageable waste sold to individuals and organizations. Indicate whether organization is tax exempt.
- E. Recycling and Processing Facility Records: Indicate receipt and acceptance of recyclable waste by recycling and processing facilities licensed to accept them. Include manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.
- F. Landfill and Incinerator Disposal Records: Indicate receipt and acceptance of waste by landfills and incinerator facilities licensed to accept them. Include manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Waste Management Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures related to waste management including, but not limited to, the following:
1. Review and discuss waste management plan including responsibilities of waste management coordinator.
  2. Review requirements for documenting quantities of each type of waste and its disposition.
  3. Review and finalize procedures for materials separation and verify availability of containers and bins needed to avoid delays.
  4. Review procedures for periodic waste collection and transportation to recycling and disposal facilities.
  5. Review waste management requirements for each trade.

## 1.8 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

- A. General: Develop a waste management plan according to ASTM E 1609 and requirements in this Section. Plan shall consist of waste identification and waste reduction work plan. Distinguish between demolition and construction waste. Indicate quantities by weight or volume, but use same units of measure throughout waste management plan.
- B. Waste Identification: Indicate anticipated types and quantities of demolition site-clearing and construction waste generated by the Work. Use Form CWM-1 for construction waste and Form CWM-2 for demolition waste. Include estimated quantities and assumptions for estimates.
- C. Waste Reduction Work Plan: List each type of waste and whether it will be salvaged, recycled, or disposed of in landfill or incinerator. Use Form CWM-3 for construction waste and Form CWM-4 for demolition waste. Include points of waste generation, total quantity of each type of waste, quantity for each means of recovery, and handling and transportation procedures.
  - 1. Salvaged Materials for Reuse: For materials that will be salvaged and reused in this Project, describe methods for preparing salvaged materials before incorporation into the Work.
  - 2. Salvaged Materials for Sale: For materials that will be sold to individuals and organizations, include list of their names, addresses, and telephone numbers.
  - 3. Salvaged Materials for Donation: For materials that will be donated to individuals and organizations, include list of their names, addresses, and telephone numbers.
  - 4. Recycled Materials: Include list of local receivers and processors and type of recycled materials each will accept. Include names, addresses, and telephone numbers.
  - 5. Disposed Materials: Indicate how and where materials will be disposed of. Include name, address, and telephone number of each landfill and incinerator facility.
  - 6. Handling and Transportation Procedures: Include method that will be used for separating recyclable waste including sizes of containers, container labeling, and designated location where materials separation will be performed.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

- A. General: Implement approved waste management plan. Provide handling, containers, storage, signage, transportation, and other items as required to implement waste management plan during the entire duration of the Contract.
  - 1. Comply with operation, termination, and removal requirements in Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."

- B. Waste Management Coordinator: Engage a waste management coordinator to be responsible for implementing, monitoring, and reporting status of waste management work plan. Coordinator shall be present at Project site full time for duration of Project.
- C. Training: Train workers, subcontractors, and suppliers on proper waste management procedures, as appropriate for the Work.
  - 1. Distribute waste management plan to everyone concerned within three days of submittal return.
  - 2. Distribute waste management plan to entities when they first begin work on-site. Review plan procedures and locations established for salvage, recycling, and disposal.
- D. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct waste management operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
  - 1. Designate and label specific areas on Project site necessary for separating materials that are to be salvaged, recycled, reused, donated, and sold.
  - 2. Comply with Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for controlling dust and dirt, environmental protection, and noise control.

### 3.2 RECYCLING DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION WASTE, GENERAL

- A. General: Recycle paper and beverage containers used by on-site workers.
- B. Recycling Receivers and Processors: List below is provided for information only; available recycling receivers and processors include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Taylor Recycling Facility, LLC  
350 Neelytown Road  
Montgomery, NY 12549  
Telephone: 845-457-4021  
www.taylorrecycling.com
    - a. Offers off-site sorting of comingled demolition and construction waste.
  - 2. Hudson River Recycling  
Port of Albany  
Albany, NY 12202  
Telephone: 518-465-2288
    - a. Accepts metals and electronics
  - 3. Habitat For Humanity  
Albany, NY  
Telephone: 518-462-2993
    - a. Accepts building materials and products for resale.
  - 4. Ebay.com online auction website.

5. Craigslist.com online classified website.
  6. Earth911.org - online directory for recycling facilities.
- C. Recycling Incentives: Revenues, savings, rebates, tax credits, and other incentives received for recycling waste materials shall accrue to Contractor.
- D. Preparation of Waste: Prepare and maintain recyclable waste materials according to recycling or reuse facility requirements. Maintain materials free of dirt, adhesives, solvents, petroleum contamination, and other substances deleterious to the recycling process.
- E. Procedures: Separate recyclable waste from other waste materials, trash, and debris. Separate recyclable waste by type at Project site to the maximum extent practical according to approved construction waste management plan.
1. Provide appropriately marked containers or bins for controlling recyclable waste until removed from Project site. Include list of acceptable and unacceptable materials at each container and bin.
    - a. Inspect containers and bins for contamination and remove contaminated materials if found.
  2. Stockpile processed materials on-site without intermixing with other materials. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
  3. Stockpile materials away from construction area. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.
  4. Store components off the ground and protect from the weather.
  5. Remove recyclable waste from Owner's property and transport to recycling receiver or processor.
  6. Co-mingled method acceptable: Collect all recyclable waste in a single container for processing at off-site recycling facility that offers sorting services.

### 3.3 RECYCLING CONSTRUCTION WASTE

A. Packaging:

1. Cardboard and Boxes: Break down packaging into flat sheets. Bundle and store in a dry location.
2. Polystyrene Packaging: Separate and bag materials.
3. Pallets: As much as possible, require deliveries using pallets to remove pallets from Project site. For pallets that remain on-site, break down pallets into component wood pieces and comply with requirements for recycling wood.
4. Crates: Break down crates into component wood pieces and comply with requirements for recycling wood.



### 3.4 DISPOSAL OF WASTE

- A. General: Except for items or materials to be salvaged, recycled, or otherwise reused, remove waste materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in a landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Except as otherwise specified, do not allow waste materials that are to be disposed of accumulate on-site.
  - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
- B. Burning: Do not burn waste materials.
- C. Disposal: Remove waste materials from Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

### 3.5 ATTACHMENTS

- A. Form CWM-1 for construction waste identification.
- B. Form CWM-2 for demolition waste identification.
- C. Form CWM-3 for construction waste reduction work plan.
- D. Form CWM-4 for demolition waste reduction work plan.
- E. Form CWM-7 for construction waste
- F. Form CWM-8 for demolition waste.

END OF SECTION 017419

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FORM CWM-1: CONSTRUCTION WASTE IDENTIFICATION							
MATERIAL CATEGORY	GENERATION POINT	EST. QUANTITY OF MATERIALS RECEIVED* (A)	EST. WASTE - % (B)	TOTAL EST. QUANTITY OF WASTE* (C = A x B)	EST. VOLUME CY (CM)	EST. WEIGHT TONS (TONNES)	REMARKS AND ASSUMPTIONS
Packaging: Cardboard							
Packaging: Boxes							
Packaging: Plastic Sheet or Film							
Packaging: Polystyrene							
Packaging: Pallets or Skids							
Packaging: Crates							
Packaging: Paint Cans							
Packaging: Plastic Pails							
Site-Clearing Waste							
Masonry or CMU							
Lumber: Cut-Offs							
Lumber: Warped Pieces							
Plywood or OSB (scraps)							
Wood Forms							
Wood Waste Chutes							
Wood Trim (cut-offs)							
Metals							
Insulation							
Roofing							
Joint Sealant Tubes							
Gypsum Board (scraps)							
Carpet and Pad (scraps)							
Piping							
Electrical Conduit							
Other:							

\* Insert units of measure.

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FORM CWM-2: DEMOLITION WASTE IDENTIFICATION				
MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	EST. QUANTITY	EST. VOLUME CY (CM)	EST. WEIGHT TONS (TONNES)	REMARKS AND ASSUMPTIONS
Asphaltic Concrete Paving				
Concrete				
Brick				
CMU				
Lumber				
Plywood and OSB				
Wood Paneling				
Wood Trim				
Miscellaneous Metals				
Structural Steel				
Rough Hardware				
Insulation				
Roofing				
Doors and Frames				
Door Hardware				
Windows				
Glazing				
Acoustical Tile				
Carpet				
Carpet Pad				
Demountable Partitions				
Equipment				
Cabinets				
Plumbing Fixtures				
Piping				
Piping Supports and Hangers				
Valves				
Sprinklers				
Mechanical Equipment				
Electrical Conduit				
Copper Wiring				
Light Fixtures				
Lamps				
Lighting Ballasts				
Electrical Devices				
Switchgear and Panelboards				
Transformers				
Other:				

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FORM CWM-3: CONSTRUCTION WASTE REDUCTION WORK PLAN						
MATERIAL CATEGORY	GENERATION POINT	TOTAL EST. QUANTITY OF WASTE TONS (TONNES)	DISPOSAL METHOD AND QUANTITY			HANDLING AND TRANSPORTION PROCEDURES
			EST. AMOUNT SALVAGED TONS (TONNES)	EST. AMOUNT RECYCLED TONS (TONNES)	EST. AMOUNT DISPOSED TO LANDFILL TONS (TONNES)	
Packaging: Cardboard						
Packaging: Boxes						
Packaging: Plastic Sheet or Film						
Packaging: Polystyrene						
Packaging: Pallets or Skids						
Packaging: Crates						
Packaging: Paint Cans						
Packaging: Plastic Pails						
Site-Clearing Waste						
Masonry or CMU						
Lumber: Cut-Offs						
Lumber: Warped Pieces						
Plywood or OSB (scraps)						
Wood Forms						
Wood Waste Chutes						
Wood Trim (cut-offs)						
Metals						
Insulation						
Roofing						
Joint Sealant Tubes						
Gypsum Board (scraps)						
Carpet and Pad (scraps)						
Piping						
Electrical Conduit						
Other:						

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FORM CWM-4: DEMOLITION WASTE REDUCTION WORK PLAN						
MATERIAL CATEGORY	GENERATION POINT	TOTAL EST. QUANTITY OF WASTE TONS (TONNES)	DISPOSAL METHOD AND QUANTITY			HANDLING AND TRANSPORTION PROCEDURES
			EST. AMOUNT SALVAGED TONS (TONNES)	EST. AMOUNT RECYCLED TONS (TONNES)	EST. AMOUNT DISPOSED TO LANDFILL TONS (TONNES)	
Asphaltic Concrete Paving						
Concrete						
Brick						
CMU						
Lumber						
Plywood and OSB						
Wood Paneling						
Wood Trim						
Miscellaneous Metals						
Structural Steel						
Rough Hardware						
Insulation						
Roofing						
Doors and Frames						
Door Hardware						
Windows						
Glazing						
Acoustical Tile						
Carpet						
Carpet Pad						
Demountable Partitions						
Equipment						
Cabinets						
Plumbing Fixtures						
Piping						
Supports and Hangers						
Valves						
Sprinklers						
Mechanical Equipment						
Electrical Conduit						
Copper Wiring						
Light Fixtures						
Lamps						
Lighting Ballasts						
Electrical Devices						
Switchgear and Panelboards						
Transformers						
Other:						



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FORM CWM-7: CONSTRUCTION WASTE REDUCTION PROGRESS REPORT							
MATERIAL CATEGORY	GENERATION POINT	TOTAL QUANTITY OF WASTE TONS (A)	QUANTITY OF WASTE SALVAGED		ACTUAL QUANTITY OF WASTE RECYCLED TONS (C)	TOTAL QUANTITY OF WASTE RECOVERED TONS (D = B + C)	TOTAL QUANTITY OF WASTE RECOVERED % (D / A x 100)
			ESTIMATED TONS (TONNES)	ACTUAL TONS (TONNES)			
Packaging: Cardboard							
Packaging: Boxes							
Packaging: Plastic Sheet or Film							
Packaging: Polystyrene							
Packaging: Pallets or Skids							
Packaging: Crates							
Packaging: Paint Cans							
Packaging: Plastic Pails							
Site-Clearing Waste							
Masonry or CMU							
Lumber: Cut-Offs							
Lumber: Warped Pieces							
Plywood or OSB (scraps)							
Wood Forms							
Wood Waste Chutes							
Wood Trim (cut-offs)							
Metals							
Insulation							
Roofing							
Joint Sealant Tubes							
Gypsum Board (scraps)							
Carpet and Pad (scraps)							
Piping							
Electrical Conduit							
Other:							

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FORM CWM-8: DEMOLITION WASTE REDUCTION PROGRESS REPORT								
MATERIAL CATEGORY	GENERATION POINT	TOTAL QUANTITY OF WASTE TONS (TONNES) (A)	QUANTITY OF WASTE SALVAGED		QUANTITY OF WASTE RECYCLED		TOTAL QUANTITY OF WASTE RECOVERED TONS (TONNES) (D = B + C)	TOTAL QUANTITY OF WASTE RECOVERED % (D / A x 100)
			ESTIMATED TONS (TONNES)	ACTUAL TONS (TONNES) (B)	ESTIMATED TONS (TONNES)	ACTUAL TONS (TONNES) (C)		
Asphaltic Concrete Paving								
Concrete								
Brick								
CMU								
Lumber								
Plywood and OSB								
Wood Paneling								
Wood Trim								
Miscellaneous Metals								
Structural Steel								
Rough Hardware								
Insulation								
Roofing								
Doors and Frames								
Door Hardware								
Windows								
Glazing								
Acoustical Tile								
Carpet								
Carpet Pad								
Demountable Partitions								
Equipment								
Cabinets								
Plumbing Fixtures								
Piping								
Supports and Hangers								
Valves								
Sprinklers								
Mechanical Equipment								
Electrical Conduit								
Copper Wiring								
Light Fixtures								
Lamps								
Lighting Ballasts								
Electrical Devices								
Switchgear and Panelboards								
Transformers								



## **SECTION 321243**

### **POROUS FLEXIBLE PAVING**

#### **PART 1 GENERAL**

##### **1.01 RELATED SECTIONS**

- A. Earthwork: Section 310000.

##### **1.02 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

- A. The Grasspave2 porous pavement system provides vehicular and pedestrian load support for grass areas, while protecting grass roots from harmful effects of traffic.
- B. Major Components of the Complete System
  1. Grasspave2 units, assembled in rolls.
  2. Engineered sand and gravel base course.
  3. Hydrogrow soil amendment and fertilizer, supplied with Grasspave2.
  4. Sand fill or USGA greens mix.
  5. Selected grass from seed, hydroseeding/hydro-mulching, or sod.
  6. Selected topsoil (only for seeded installation).
  7. Mulch (needed only for seeded or hydroseeded installations).
- C. The Grasspave2 grass paving units, sand, and base course work together to support imposed loading.
- D. The Grasspave2 grass paving units, Hydrogrow, and sand fill contribute to vegetation support.

##### **1.03 DESCRIPTION OF WORK**

- A. Provide material, labor, equipment, services required to install porous flexible paving and aggregate base for paved areas.

##### **1.04 REFERENCES**

- A. ASTM F 1951-08 Standard Specification for Determination of Accessibility of Surface Systems Under and Around Playground Equipment.
- B. ASTM D 638-10 Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics
- C. ASTM C 33 Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates
- D. ASHTO M6 Standard Specification for Fine Aggregate for Hydraulic Cement Concrete

## **1.05 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Shop Drawings: Submit design detail showing proper cross-section.
- B. Samples: Submit manufacturer's sample of Grasspave2 10" x 10" section of Grasspave2 material.
- C. Installation Instructions: Manufacturer's printed installation instructions. Include methods for maintaining installed products.
- D. Certificates:
  - 1. Manufacturer signed certificate stating the product is made in the USA.
  - 2. Submit Material Certificates for base course and sand (or USGA mix) fill materials.
  - 3. Product certificates signed by the manufacturer certifying material compliance of polyethylene used to make Grasspave2 units.
  - 4. ISO Certificate certifying manufacturer's quality management system is currently registered to ISO 9001:2008 quality standards.
- E. LEED Submittals: Provide documentation of how the requirements of Credit will be met:
  - 1. List of proposed materials with recycled content. Indicate post-consumer recycled content and preconsumer recycled content for each product having recycled content.
  - 2. Product data and certification letter indicating percentages by weight of post-consumer and preconsumer recycled content for products having recycled content.
  - 3. Description of Grasspave2 in stormwater design to limit the disruption of natural hydrology by reducing impervious cover, increasing on-site infiltration, reducing or eliminating pollution from stormwater runoff and eliminating contaminants.
  - 4. Designing elements for Grasspave2 to limit the disruption and pollution of natural water flows by managing stormwater runoff.
  - 5. Documenting the use of Grasspave2 to reduce heat islands to minimize the impact on microclimates and human and wildlife habitats.
- F. Substitutions: No material will be considered as an equivalent to the Grasspave2 unit specified herein unless it meets all areas of this specification without exception. Manufacturers seeking to supply what they represent as equivalent material must submit records, data, independent test results, samples, certifications, and documentation deemed necessary by the Specifier to prove equivalency.
- G. Manufacturer's Material Certification: Product manufacturers shall provide certification of compliance with all applicable testing procedures and related



specifications upon written request. Request for certification shall be submitted by the purchasing agency no later than the date of order placement.

- H. Product manufacturers shall also have a minimum of 30 years' experience producing products for porous pavement systems.
- I. Manufacturer Quality Certification: ISO Certification certifying manufacturer's quality management system for its Grasspave2 system is currently registered to ISO 9001:2008 quality standards. Any alternate materials submitted shall provide a certification that their porous pavement system manufacturing process is part of an ISO program and a certification will be required specifically stating that their testing facility is certified and in accordance with ISO.

#### **1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING**

- A. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation.
- B. Protect Grasspave2 units/rolls from damage during delivery and store rolls upright, under tarp, to protect from sunlight, when time for delivery to installation exceeds one week.
- C. Store Hydrogrow in a dark and dry location
- D. Handling: Protect materials during handling and installation to prevent damage

#### **1.08 MAINTENANCE SERVICE**

- A. Installer responsible for maintenance of grass plants – water/irrigation, fertilizing, mowing – for one growing season. DO NOT AERATE. See *Grasspave2 Maintenance Guide* from Invisible Structures.
- B. System to be maintained by NYSDEC, after one growing season. Do not install aggregate base when there is frost on the ground.

#### **1.08 PROJECT CONDITIONS**

- A. Maintain environmental conditions within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's absolute limits.
- B. Do not begin installation of porous pavements until all hard surface paving adjacent to porous pavement areas, including concrete walks and asphalt paving, is completed.
- C. Install turf when ambient air temperatures is at least 55 degrees F (13 degrees C).

- D. In cold weather, do not use frozen materials or materials mixed or coated with ice or frost, and do not build on frozen base or wet, saturated or muddy subgrade.
- E. Protect partially completed paving against damage from other construction traffic when work is in progress.
- F. Adequately water sod or grass seed to assure germination of seed and growth of root system.
- G. Grass coverage on the sand-filled Grasspave2 rings must be completed within one week: See *Part 3 Execution*.
- H. DO NOT DRIVE, PARK ON, or use Grasspave2 system for two or three mowing cycles until grass root system has matured (about 3 to 4 weeks for sod or 6 to 8 weeks for seeded areas). Any barricades constructed must still be accessible by emergency and fire equipment during and after installation.

## **PART 2 PRODUCTS**

### **2.01 MANUFACTURER**

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer: Invisible Structures, Inc., which is located at: 1600 Jackson St. Suite 310 ; Golden, CO 80401; Toll Free Tel: 800-233-1510; Tel: 303-233-8383; Email: [request info \(sales@invisiblestructures.com\)](mailto:sales@invisiblestructures.com); Web: [www.invisiblestructures.com](http://www.invisiblestructures.com).
- B. Substitutions: Not permitted.

### **2.02 MATERIALS**

- A. GrassPave2 Composition:
  - 1. Manufactured in the USA.
  - 2. High density polyethylene (HDPE): 100 percent recycled materials.
  - 3. Color: black
  - 4. Color Uniformity: Uniform color throughout all units rolls.
  - 5. Carbon Black for ultraviolet light stabilization.
  - 6. Hydrogrow soil amendment and fertilizer, provided by manufacturer with Grasspave2.
- B. GrassPave2 Performance Properties:
  - 1. Maximum Loading Capability: 5721 psi (39,273 kPA) when filled with sand.
  - 2. Wheelchair Access testing for ADA Compliance: Passing ASTM F 1951-08.
  - 3. Wheelchair Access testing for ADA Compliance: Passing Rotational Penetrometer testing.
  - 4. Tensile strength, pull-apart testing: 458 lbf/in from ASTM D638 Modified.

5. System Permeability (Grasspave2, sand, base course): 2.63 to 38.55 inches of water per hour.
6. Effective Imperviousness (E.I.): 10%.
- C. GrassPave2 Dimensions (individual units are assembled and distributed into rolls):
  1. Roll area: From 108 sq ft (10 sq m) to 538 sq ft (50 sq m), in 108 sq ft (10 sq m) increments
  2. Roll Widths: From 3.3 ft (1 m) to 8.2 ft (2.5 m), in 1.6 ft (0.5 m) increments.
  3. Roll Lengths: From 32.8 ft (10m) to 65.6 ft (20 m), in 3.3 ft (1 m) increments.
  4. Roll Weights: From 41 lbs (19kg) to 205 lbs (93kg), in 41 lbs (19 kg) increments.
  5. Unit Nominal Width by Length: 20 inches by 20 inches (0.5 m by 0.5 m) or 40 inches by 40 inches (1 m by 1 m).
  6. Nominal Depth: 1 inch (2.5 cm) – for rolls and individual units.
  7. Unit Weight: 18 oz (510 g) or 5 lbs. (2.27 kg).
  8. Volume Solid: 8 percent.

## **2.05 SYSTEM MATERIALS**

- A. Base Course: Sandy gravel material from local sources commonly used for road base construction (recycled materials such as crushed concrete or crushed asphalt are NOT acceptable).
  1. Conforming to the following sieve analysis and requirements:
    - a. 100 percent passing sieve size 1 inch (25 mm).
    - b. 90-100 percent passing sieve size 3/4 inch (19 mm).
    - c. 70-80 percent passing sieve size 3/8 inch (9 mm).
    - d. 55-70 percent passing sieve size #4.
    - e. 45-55 percent passing sieve size #10.
    - f. 25-35 percent passing sieve size #40.
    - g. 3-8 percent passing sieve size #200.
  2. Provide a base course material nearly neutral in pH (range from 6.5 to 7.2) to provide adequate root zone development for turf.
  3. Material may be either "pit run" or "crusher run." Avoid using clay based crusher run/pit run. Crusher run material will generally require coarse, well-draining sand conforming to AASHTO M6 or ASTM C 33 to be added to mixture (20 to 30 percent by volume) to ensure long-term porosity.
  4. Alternative materials such as crushed shell, limerock, or crushed lava may be used for base course use, provided they are mixed with sharp sand (20 to 30 percent) to ensure long-term porosity, and are brought to proper compaction. Without added sand, crushed shell and limerock set up like concrete and become impervious.
  5. Alternative size and/or composition of base course materials should be submitted to Invisible Structures, Inc. (Manufacturer) for approval.

- B. Sand Fill for Rings and Spaces Between Rings: Clean sharp sand (washed concrete sand). Choose one of the following:
  - 1. Coarse, well-draining sand, such as washed concrete sand conforming to AASHTO M6 or ASTM C-33.
  - 2. United States Golf Association (USGA) greens, section - sand mix “The Root Zone Mixture.”
  
- C. Turf Conditioner:
  - 1. Hydrogrow a proprietary soil amendment manufactured by Invisible Structures, Inc. and provided with Grasspave2.
  - 2. NO SUBSTITUTIONS. Notes: Use grass species resistant to wear by traffic generally a Blue/Rye/Fescue mix used for athletic fields in northern climates, and Zoysia, Fescue, or Bermuda types in southern climates. Check with local sod and seed suppliers for preferred mixtures. Dedicated fire lanes can use same grass species used on surrounding turf. Parking applications require greatest wear-resistant species possible, generally available only by seed or hydroseeding/hydro-mulching.
  
- D. Grass – Choose either sod or seed:
  - 1. Sod: Use 13 mm (0.5") thick (soil thickness) rolled sod from a reputable local grower. Species should be wear resistant, free from disease, and in excellent condition. Sod shall be grown in sand or sandy loam soils only. Sod grown in soils of clay, silt, or high organic materials such as peat, will not be accepted.
  - 2. Seed: Use seed materials, of the preferred species for local environmental and projected traffic conditions, from certified sources. Seed shall be provided in containers clearly labeled to show seed name, lot number, net weight, % weed seed content, and guaranteed % of purity and germination. Pure Live Seed types and amount shall be as shown on plans.
    - a. Mulch – needed only for hydroseeding: Wood or paper cellulose commercial mulch materials compatible with hydroseeding operations. Mulch depth according to mulch manufacturers’ recommendation. DO NOT use mulch of straw, pine needles, etc., because of their low moisture holding capacity.
    - b. Topsoil – needed only for seeding, recommended for hydroseeding: Obtain specified topsoil for a light “dusting” (no more than ½” or 13mm) above rings filled with sand for seeding germination.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.01 INSPECTION**

- A. Examine subgrade and base course installed conditions. Do not start porous paving installation until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected. Check for improperly compacted trenches, debris, and improper gradients.
- B. Start of installation constitutes acceptance of existing conditions and responsibility for satisfactory performance. If existing conditions are found unsatisfactory, contact Architect for resolution.

### **3.02 PREPARATION**

Notes: Ensure that subbase materials are structurally adequate to receive designed base course, wearing course, and designed loads. Generally, excavation into undisturbed normal strength soils will require no additional modification. Fill soils and otherwise structurally weak soils may require modifications, such as geotextiles, geogrids, and/or compaction (not to exceed 90%). Ensure that grading and soil porosity of the subbase will provide adequate subsurface drainage

- A. Subgrade Preparation:
  - 1. Prepare subgrade as specified in Section 310000. Verify subgrade in accordance with porous paving system manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Proper subgrade preparation will enable the Grasspave2 rolls/units to connect properly and remain level and stationary after installation.
  - 3. Excavate area allowing for unit thickness, the engineered base depth (where required), and 0.5 inch (1.25 cm) for depth of sod root zone or topsoil germination area (when applicable).
  - 4. Provide adequate drainage from excavated area if area has potential to collect water, when working with in-place soils that have poor permeability.
  - 5. Ensure in-place soil is relatively dry and free from standing water.
  - 6. Uniformly grade base.
  - 7. Level and clear base of large objects, such as rocks and pieces of wood.
- B. Base Preparation:
  - 1. Install Base as specified in Section 310000. Verify engineered base (if required) is installed in accordance with porous paving system manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Coordinate base installation and preparation as specified in Section 310000.
  - 3. If required, place a geotextile separation layer between the natural ground and the 'engineered base'.
  - 4. If required, install the specified sub-drain and outlet according to construction drawings.
  - 5. Coordinate base installation and preparation with irrigation and drip irrigation lines specified in Section 310000.
  - 6. Place engineered base in lifts not to exceed 6 inches (150 mm), compacting each lift separately to 95 percent Modified Proctor.

7. Leave 1 inch (2.5 cm) of depth below final grade for porous paver unit and sand fill and 0.5 inch (1.25 cm) for depth of sod root zone or topsoil germination area (when applicable).

### **3.03 ON-SITE MANUFACTURER'S FIELD REPRESENTATIVE**

- A. A qualified Manufacturer's field representative shall be available for a pre-construction meeting via phone or in person and will provide installation videos, design details, installation instructions, and the technical specifications.
- B. The time for on-site observation shall be indicated in the Contract Documents and included in the base bid price.

### **3.04 HYDROGROW INSTALLATION**

- A. Spread all Hydrogrow mix provided (spreader rate = 4.53 kg per 100 m<sup>2</sup> (10 lbs per 1076 ft<sup>2</sup>) evenly over the surface of the base course with a hand-held, or wheeled, rotary spreader.
- B. The Hydrogrow mix should be placed immediately before installing the Grasspave2.

### **3.05 GRASSPAVE2 INSTALLATION**

- A. Install the Grasspave2 units by placing units with rings facing up, and using snap-fit connectors, pegs and holes, provided to maintain proper spacing and interlock the units. Units can be easily shaped with pruning shears or knife. Units placed on curves, slopes, and high traffic areas shall be anchored to the base course, using 40d common nails with fender washer, as required to secure units in place. Tops of rings shall be between 6 mm to 13 mm (0.25" to 0.5") below the surface of adjacent hard-surface pavements.
- B. Install sand in rings as they are laid in sections by "back-dumping" directly from a dump truck, or from buckets mounted on tractors, which then exit the site by driving over rings already filled with sand. The sand is then spread laterally from the pile using flat bottomed shovels and/or wide "asphalt rakes" to fill the rings. A stiff bristled broom should be used for final "finishing" of the sand. The sand must be "compacted" by using water from hose, irrigation heads, or rainfall, with the finish grade no less than the top of rings and no more than 6 mm (0.25") above top of rings.

### **3.06 INSTALLATION OF GRASS**

- A. Grass coverage on the sand-filled rings must be completed within one week. Sand must be re-installed and leveled and Grasspave2 checked for integrity if rings become exposed due to wind, rain, traffic, or other factors. (Choose one paragraph below to meet grass installation method desired.) Notes: Choose one paragraph below to match grass installation method
  - 1. Preferred method: Hydroseeding/hydro-mulching - A combination of water, seed and fertilizer are homogeneously mixed in a purpose-built, truck-mounted tank. The seed mixture is sprayed onto the site at rates shown on plans and per hydroseeding manufacturer's recommendations. Coverage must be uniform and complete. Following germination of the seed, areas lacking germination larger than 20 cm x 20 cm (8" x 8") must be reseeded immediately. Seeded areas must be fertilized and kept moist during development of the turf plants. ). DO NOT DRIVE ON SYSTEM: Hydroseeded/hydro-mulch areas must be protected from any traffic, other than emergency vehicles, for a period of 6 to 8 weeks, or until the root system has penetrated and established well below the Grasspave2 units.
- B. Adequately water sod or grass seed to assure germination of seed and growth of root system.

### **3.07 PROTECTION**

- A. Seeded areas must be protected from any traffic, other than emergency vehicles, for a period of 4 to 8 weeks, or until the grass is mature to handle traffic.

### **3.08 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL**

- A. Remove and replace segments of Grasspave2 units where three or more adjacent rings are broken or damaged, reinstalling as specified, so no evidence of replacement is apparent.
- B. Perform cleaning during the installation of work and upon completion of the work. Remove all excess materials, debris, and equipment from site. Repair any damage to adjacent materials and surfaces resulting from installation of this work.

### **3.09 MAINTENANCE**

- A. Maintain grass in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Lawn Care: Normal turf care procedures should be followed, including de-thatching.

- C. DO NOT AERATE. Aerator will damage the Grasspave2 units. Aeration is not necessary in a sand root zone.
  
- D. When snow removal is required, keep a metal edged plow blade a minimum of  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch (17 mm) above the surface during plowing operations to avoid causing damage to the Grasspave2 units, or
  - 1. Use a plow blade with a flexible rubber edge, or
  - 2. Use a plow blade with skids on the lower outside corners set so the plow blade does not come in contact with the units.

**END OF SECTION**